

Essential Question

How did Jackson use the presidency to advance the common man?



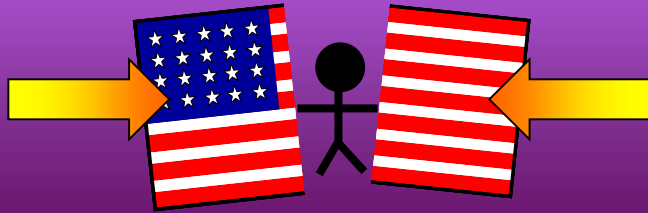
*Charmandrew
Jackson*

Why You Should Care

Jackson began a long U.S. push toward putting more power in the presidency and less in Congress.

Jackson's Presidency

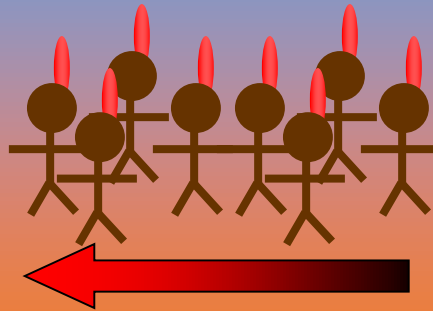
Keeping the Union Together



Vetoing the Bank of the U.S.



Indian Removal



These all seem great!

These all seem awful!



Brain Snack





Ponder

A new rule has been implemented to make the parking lot less chaotic.

From now on we will excuse from school by room numbers – each 5 minutes after the last. The larger numbers will go last.

What if the 40+ buildings chose to ignore the rule?

What would you expect to happen to them if they did?

Sectional Differences Increase

3 Regions
Emerge

North

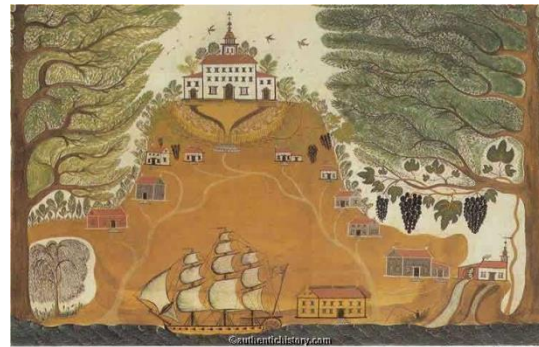
- Industrial economy based on manufacturing
- Support for tariffs

South

- Economy based on agriculture
- Opposition to tariffs, which increased the cost of imported goods

West

- Emerging Economy
- Support for internal improvements and the sale of public lands



Nullification Crisis

Keeping the
Union Together



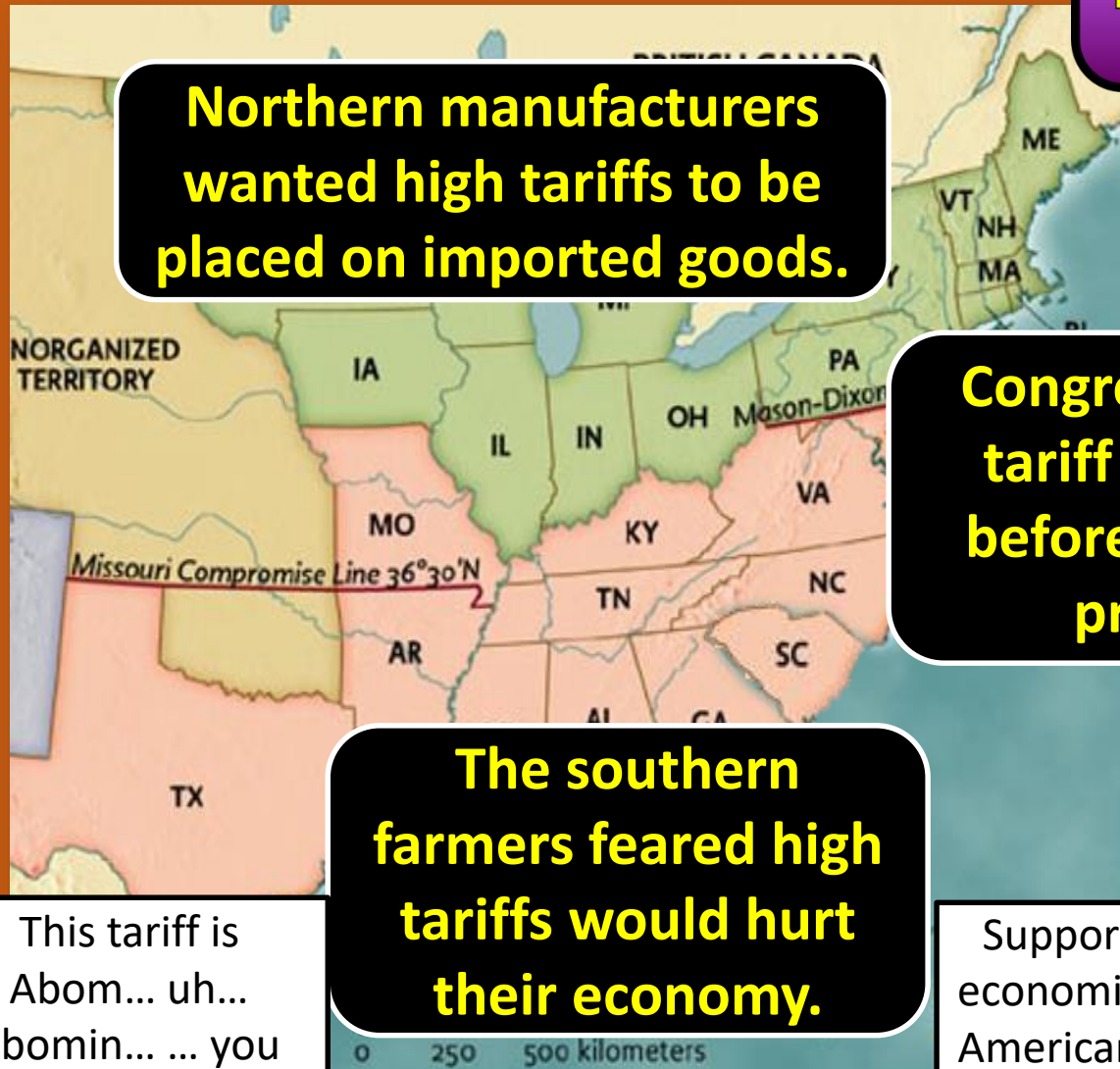
Northern manufacturers
wanted high tariffs to be
placed on imported goods.

Congress passed a
tariff on imports
before AJ became
president

The southern
farmers feared high
tariffs would hurt
their economy.

This tariff is
Abom... uh...
abomin... .. you
know what I mean

Support local
economies. Buy
American made
products!





Nullification Crisis

Keeping the
Union Together



South Carolina ignored a tariff calling it unconstitutional. They threatened to leave.



These taxes are killing us!

Oh look, another "great" idea from Jefferson...



Nullification Crisis

Keeping the
Union Together



**Congress lowered the tariff
but Jackson promised he
would force* them to pay
it if necessary.**

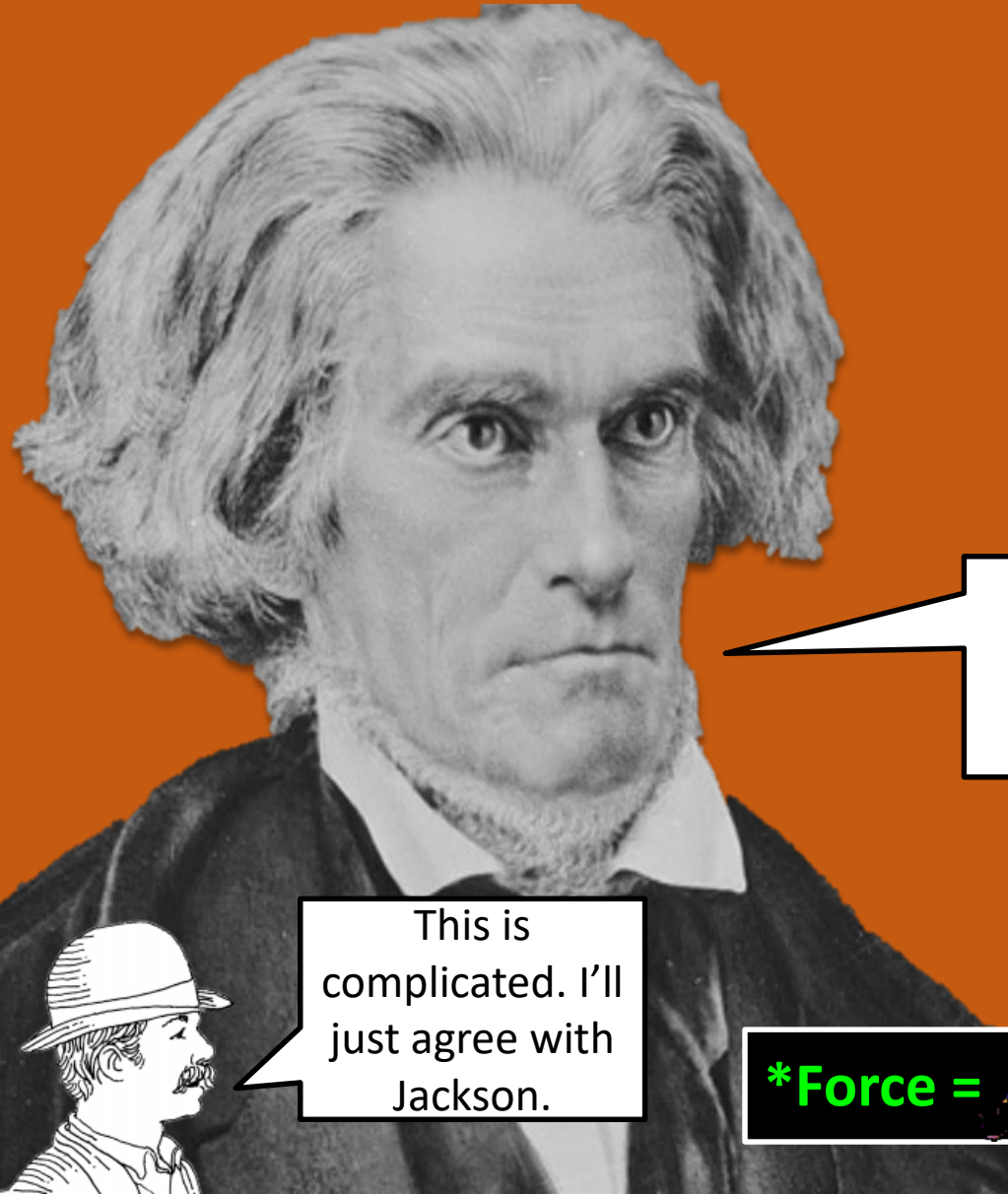
Goodbye Andrew. I'm
leaving and taking my
perfect hair with me.

This is
complicated. I'll
just agree with
Jackson.

***Force =**



Sounds like a
king to me.
King Andrew
the 1st!



Nullification Crisis



VP Calhoun left in protest, but SC decided to stay keeping the union together.

4
↓



Huh?

FOR NOW!
MWUA HA HA!



The Bank

Jackson saw it as a tool for the rich. He vetoed its charter and removed all gov't money from it.

Vetoing the Bank of the U.S.



Haha! Take that Richie Rich.

Ignorant fool is going to ruin our economy.

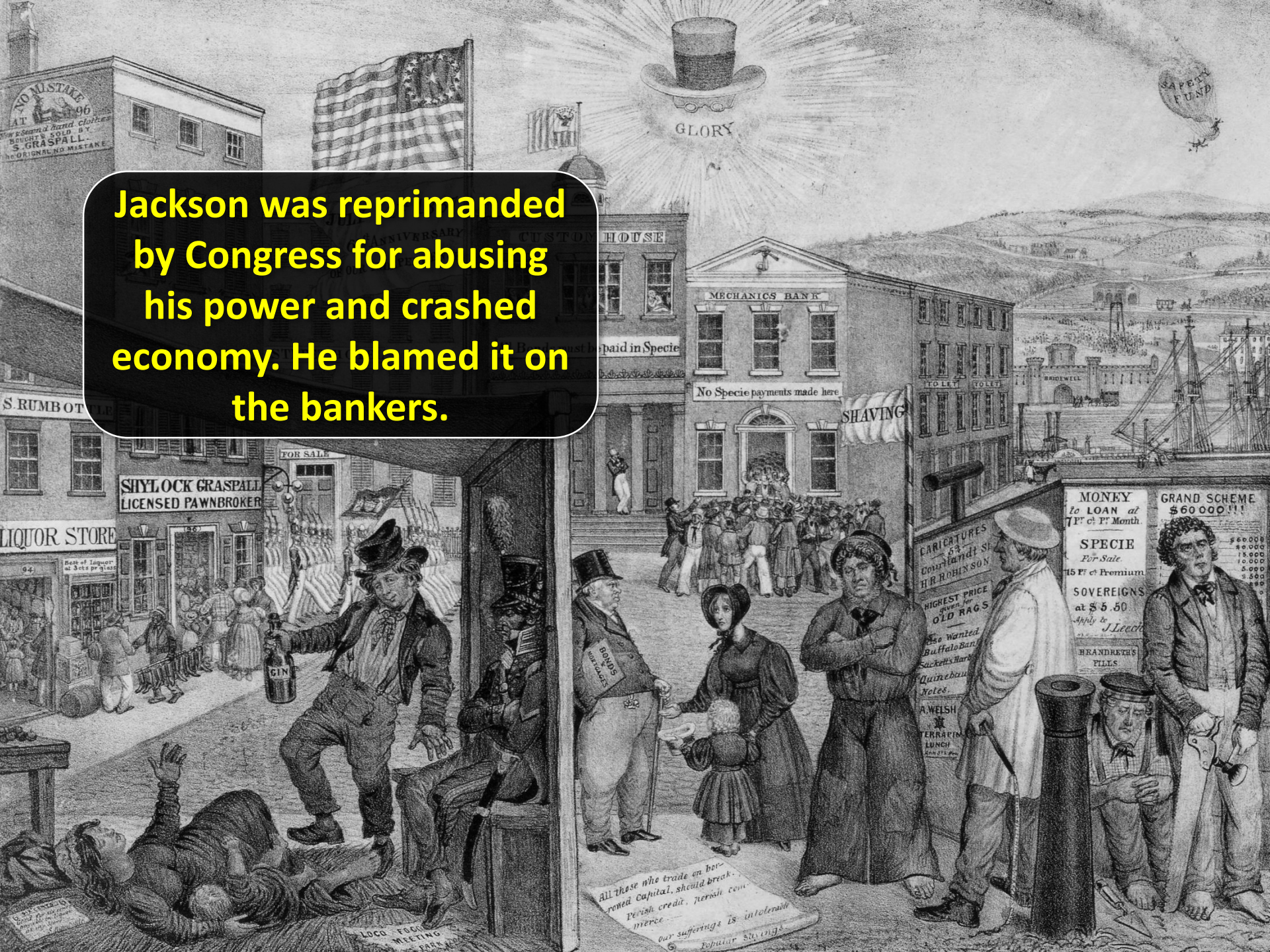


Panic of 1837

- Jackson took funds out of the Bank and put them in state banks.
- State banks used funds to give credit to land buyers.
 - Helped land expansion but caused inflation.
- Jackson tried to slow inflation.
 - only use gold and silver to buy land.
 - Still didn't help the national economy.
- Jackson's banking and inflation policies opened the door for economic troubles.

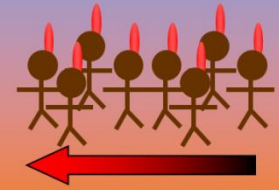


Jackson was reprimanded by Congress for abusing his power and crashed economy. He blamed it on the bankers.



Indian Removal

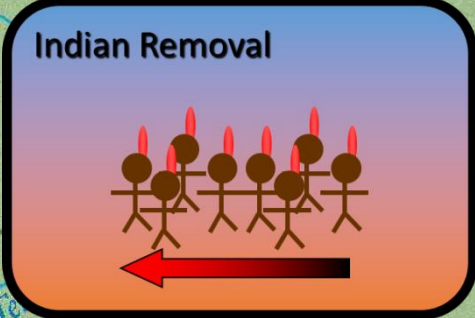
Indian Removal



- Congress passed the **Indian Removal Act** in 1830.
 - authorized the removal of Native Americans living east of Mississippi to lands in the West.
- Congress established **Indian Territory** (Oklahoma)



Indian Removal



Southern States passed laws to move Indian natives further west. The Supreme ruled they violated the Constitution.

Justice Marshall has made his decision. Now let him enforce it!

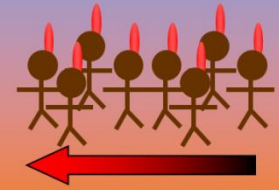
Ignoring the Supreme Court too? Definitely King Andrew!

— Choctaw



Indian Removal

Indian Removal



Jackson ignored the court and allowed the removal to go on leading to the "Trail of Tears."



Finally someone is going to make the frontier safe.

I don't like how he did it, but this does seem like a necessary policy.

Brain Snack



Moral Compass

Was it right for Jackson to give new lands to Native Americans and force them to live on it in order to guarantee their safety and that of the American settlers?




Elections of 1836 and 1840

- Jackson chose not to run again in 1836; Vice President Martin Van Buren was nominated.
- Van Buren defeated four candidates nominated by the new **Whig Party**.
- A severe economic depression called the **Panic of 1837** followed the election.
- People blamed Van Buren even though Jackson's economic policies had contributed to the panic.
- Van Buren was defeated in 1840 by Whig candidate **William Henry Harrison**.



Jackson's Legacy

Jackson made many controversial moves to empower the common man. Some say he went too far, others that he saved the nation.



He's the greatest man who ever lived.

Vetoing the Bank of the U.S.



Not just a king but a dirty, peasant king!

